

The outlook for business in the Middle East in 2020

Breakbulk Middle East 2020 26 February 2020

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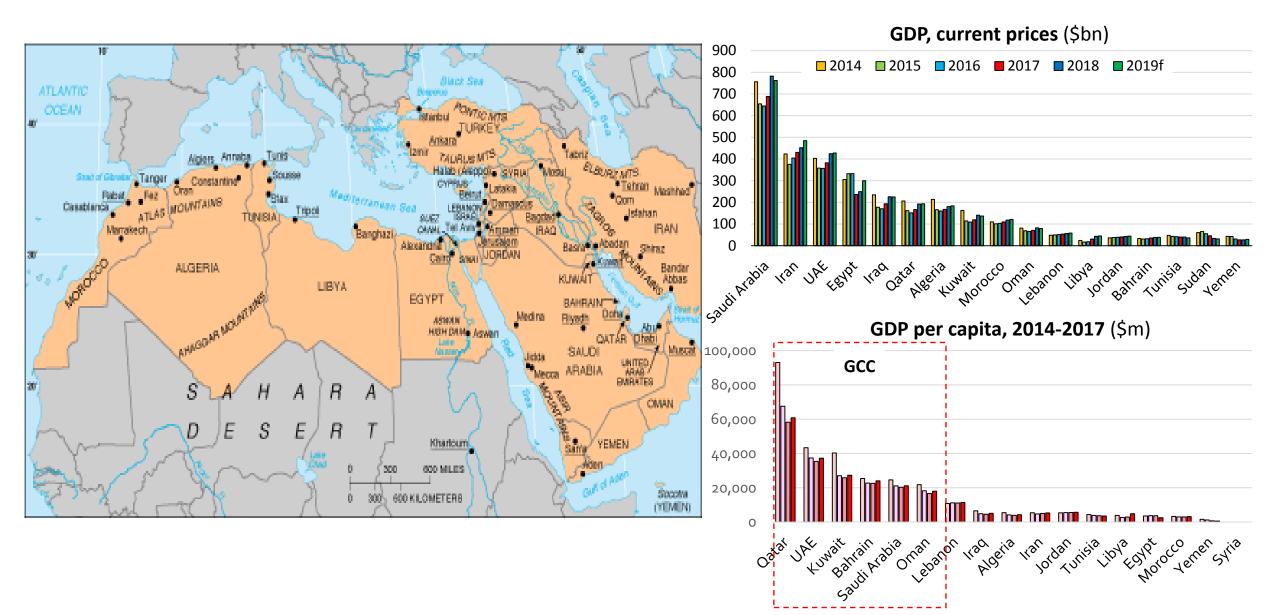


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A diverse region



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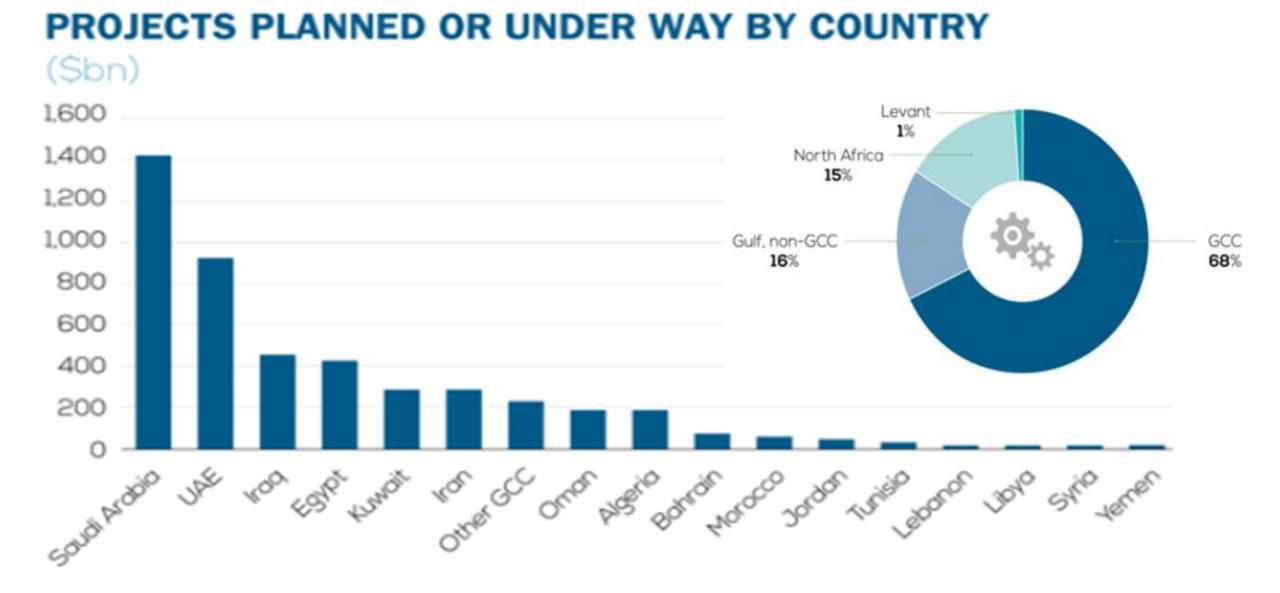


- Population growth/Youth bulge
- Creating high-value jobs
- Urbanisation
- Inadequate infrastructure
- Economic diversification
- Security and stability
- Abundant low-cost energy reserves
- Financially strong GCC. Huge reserves and low debt
- Hub between Asia, Europe and Africa
- National visions driving investment and diversification

Structural drivers









Ten business trends in the GCC -

- 1 Investing in infrastructure for life (healthcare, education)
- 2 Urbanisation and smarter cities for happier communities
- 3 Smart grids for energy efficiency
- 4 Adding value through downstream oil and petrochemicals
- 5 Vocational training
- 6 Adding value through diversification
- 7 A growing global hub
- 8 A decade of 5G investment
- 9 The drive to privatise/PPP
- 10 Circular economy adds waste to clean energy agenda







The state of the market at the start of 2020

Business environment challenging

Tight fiscal controls limit spending

16% fall in Mena projects in execution in 2019

23% fall in Mena project contract awards in 2019

Increased competition eroding margins

Payment delays and disputes squeezing cash flow

New taxes, fees, tariff reforms and localisation adding cost and red tape

Corporate downsizing and many experienced people leaving the region

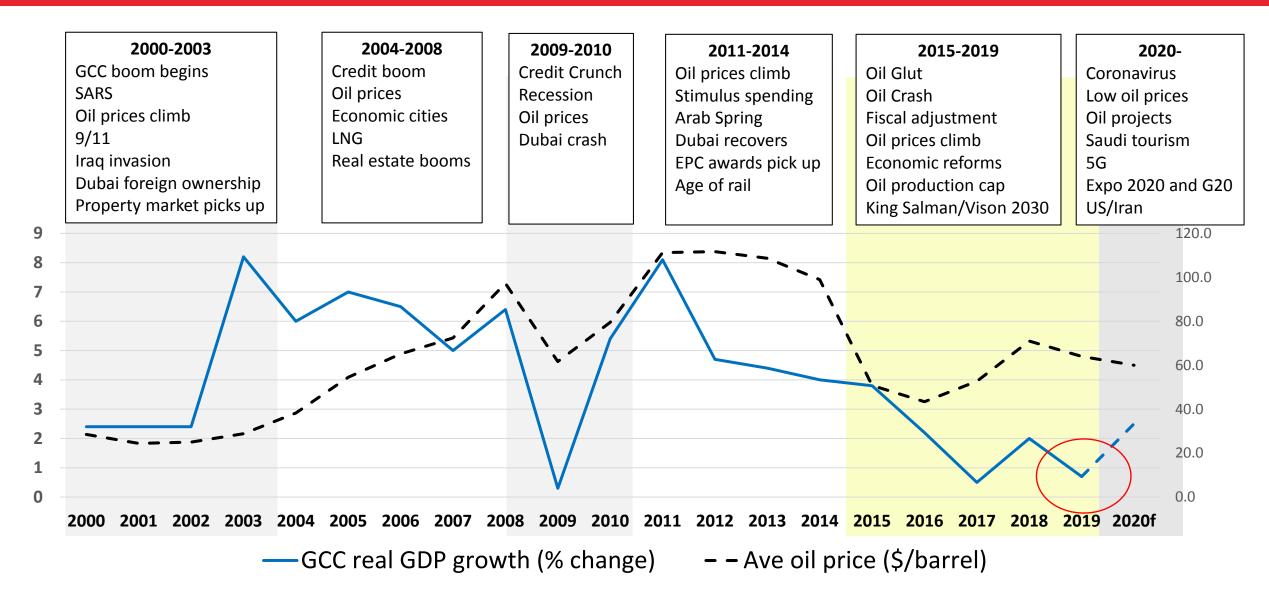
Outlook for economic growth in 2020 downgraded in late 2019







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Mena projects market slows

Dubai real estate reforms

Saudi tourism opens up

Gulf oil facilities attacks

Aramco IPO

Women's rights in Saudi

Opec+ oil production agreement

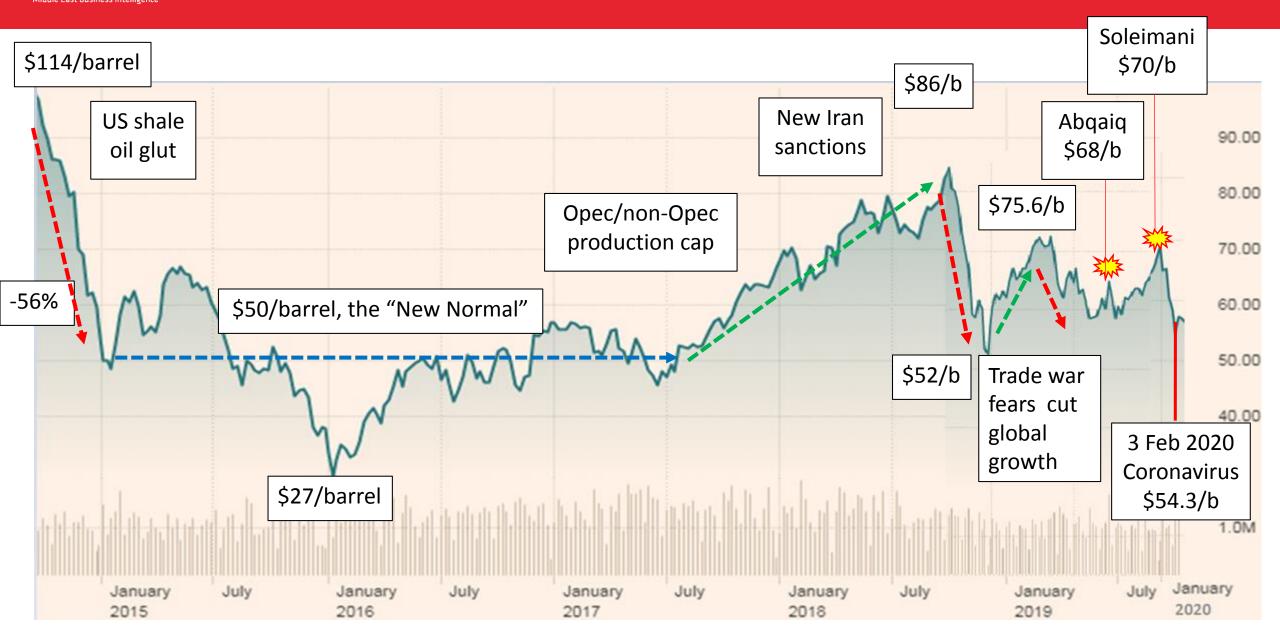






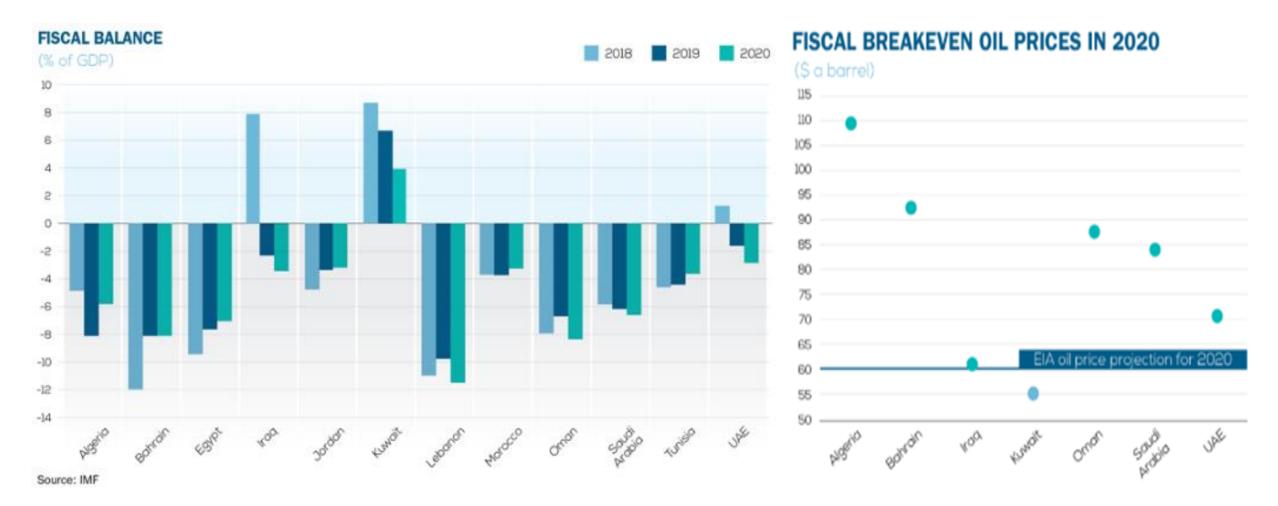


Oil price volatility undermines recovery 10





Low oil price presents fiscal challenge for oil-exporters. The primary challenge facing Mena governments is to address fiscal imbalance and rising debt while furthering efforts to encourage non-oil and private-sector growth.





Tight economic management

Public spending is trimmed to contain the budget deficit

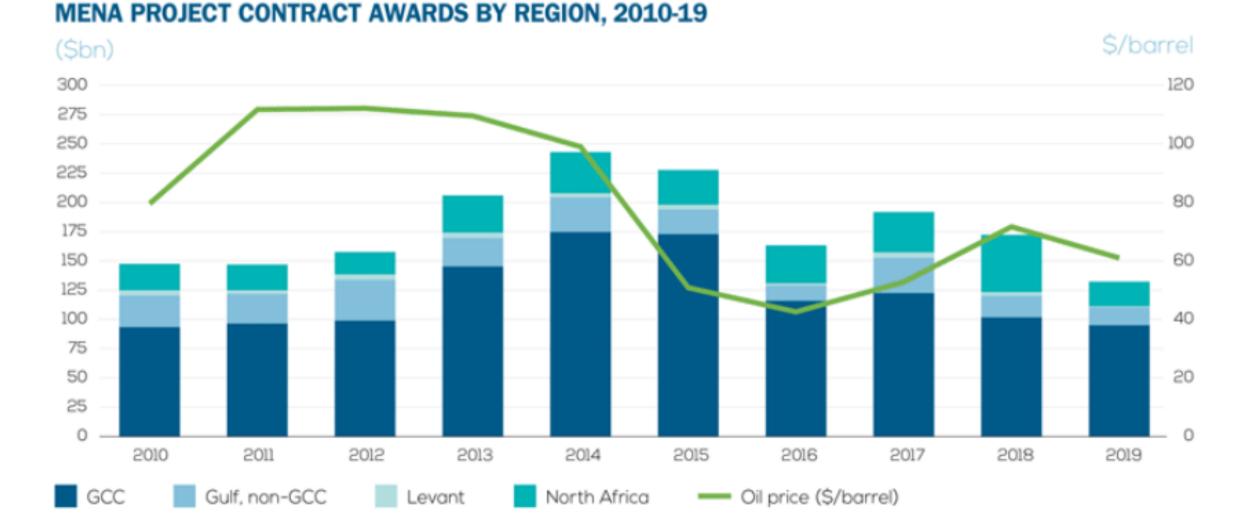
Deficit financed by increased borrowing and drawdown on reserves

Government debt rising

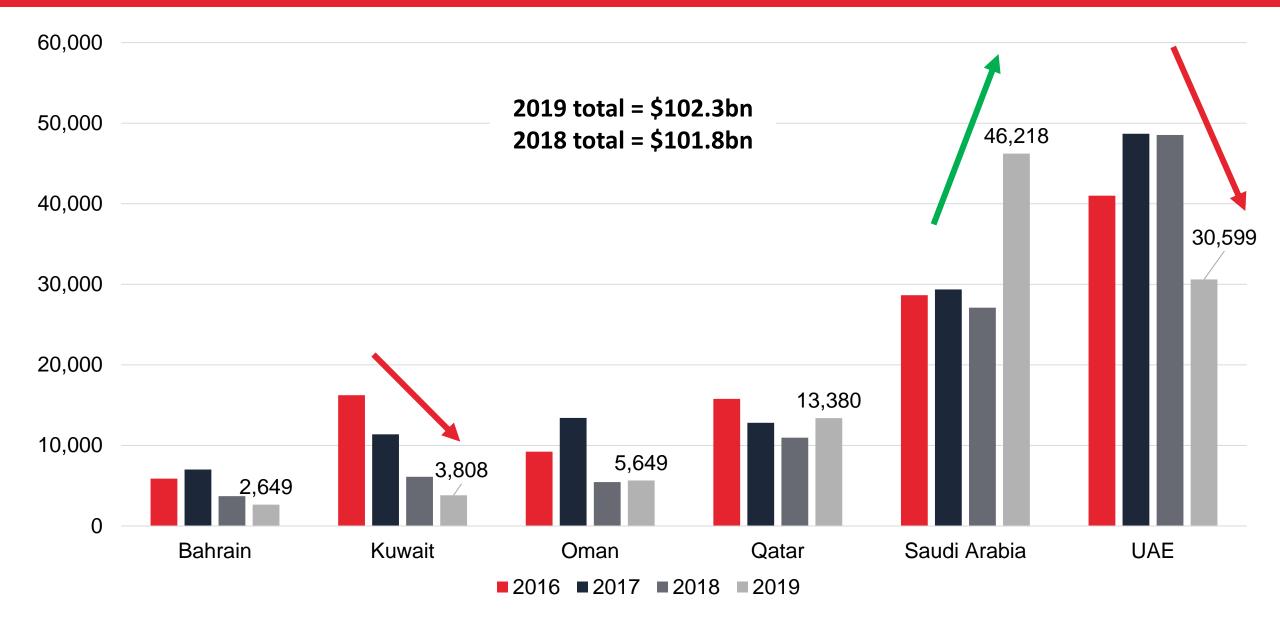
Economic reform visions aim to:

- Shift decisively away from depending on oil
- Boost private sector involvement in more areas of the economy
- Create high-value jobs and localisation of value-added manufacturing and services
- Phase out outdated social restrictions



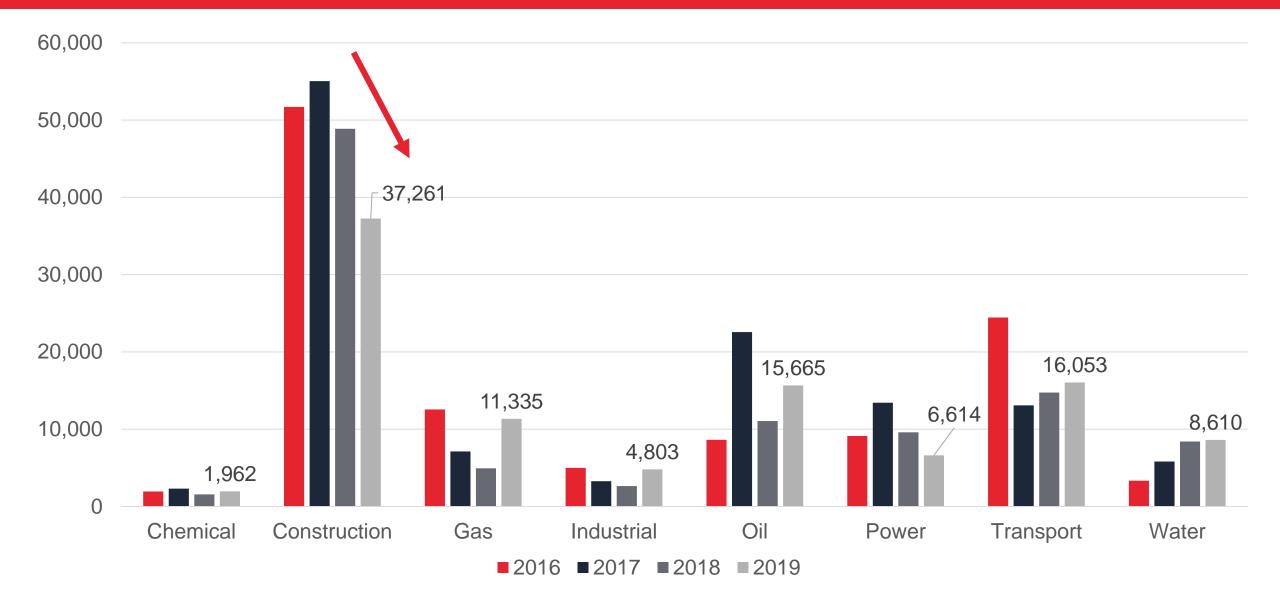








Value of GCC contract awards by sector, 2016-2019 (\$m) ¹⁵





Economic outlook for 2020 ¹⁶

Mena growth to improve in 2020

2019 Mena real GDP growth = 0.1% 2020 Mena real GDP growth = 2.7%

Improving non-oil growth and potential oil production recovery

Non-oil growth is current success story for the Mena region

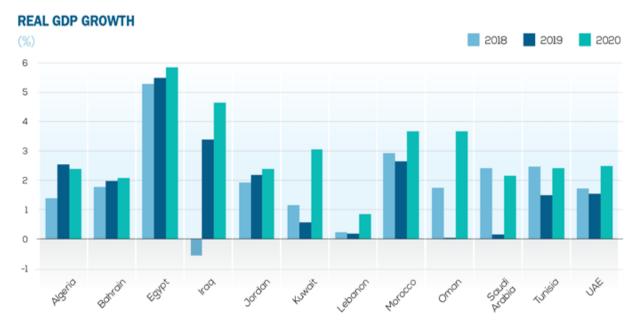
Oil importers expect 4.4% GDP growth, up from 3.9% in 2019

GCC non-oil growth to rise to 2.8% in 2020, from 2.4% in 2019

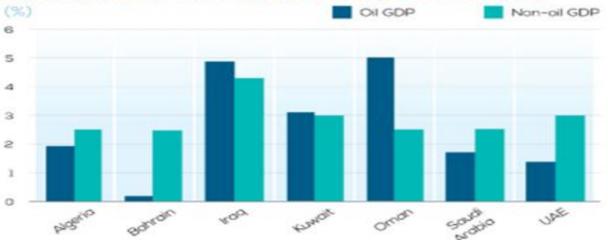
But significant risks

Weak global trade and volatility in oil prices remain a threat Weak job creation and rising unemployment across region

Coronavirus



REAL OIL AND NON-OIL GDP GROWTH IN 2020

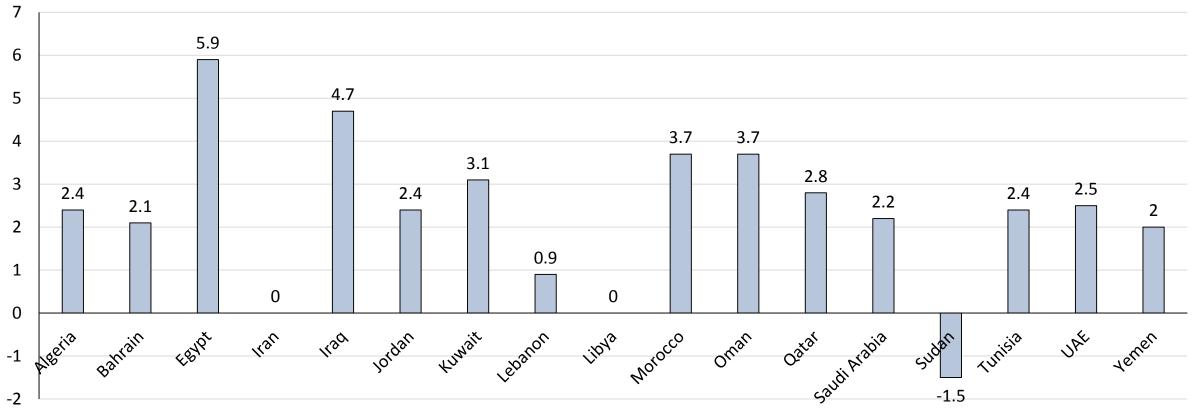


EIA=Energy Information Administration, Source: IMF



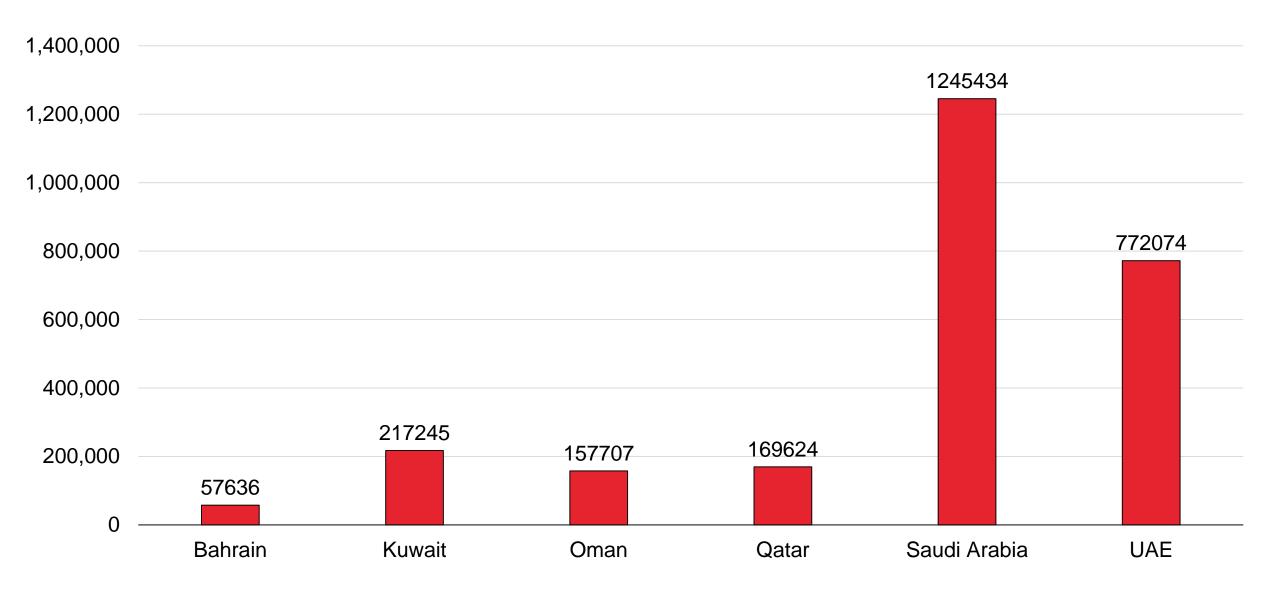
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- 2020 expected to be better than 2019 in terms of regaionl growth but recovery still fragile
- On 28 October 2019, IMF downgraded growth forecast for region due to low oil prices and worsening global outlook
- GCC growth to rise to 2.5 per cent. This is down from the 2.8 per cent growth projected six months previously
- Factors such as Coronavirus, US/China trade and Brexit could have significant negative impact in 2020

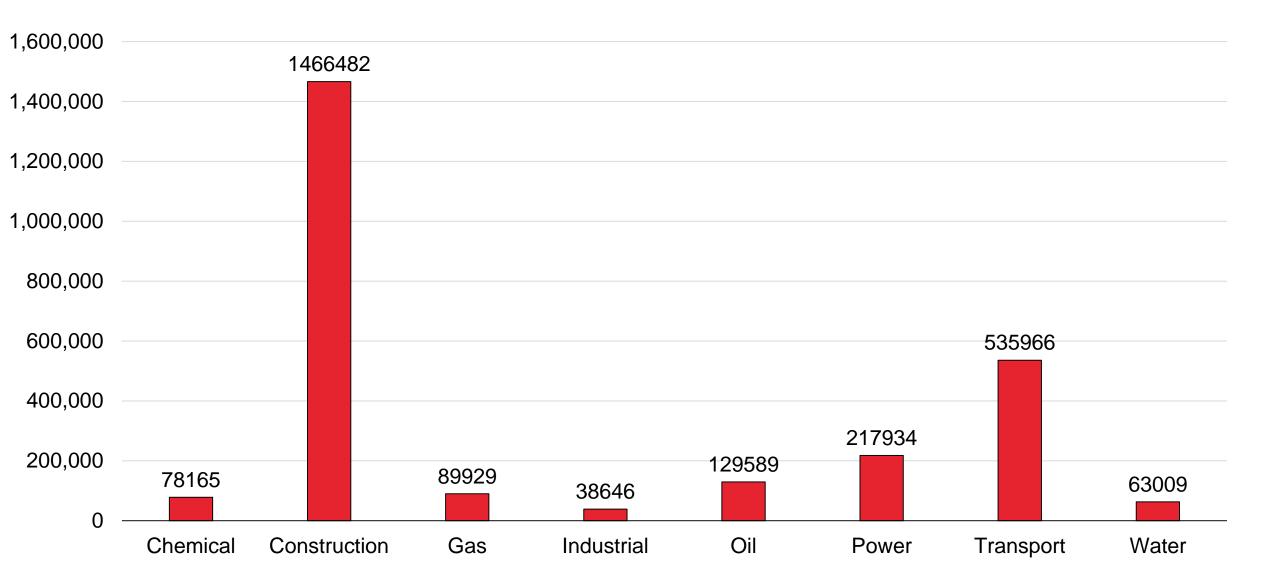


2020 real GDP growth in the Mena region by country (%)













- No major rebound in government spending or business landscape
- Trade deal between the US and China improved mood
- Coronavirus, Brexit, slow Chinese growth, doubts about trade deal will weigh on recovery
- Slow oil demand growth (1.5%) and increasing supply from unconventional sources = perceptions of oversupply
- Without recovery in demand or significant disruption to supplies, oil prices likely to remain low
- Reduced output as part of the producers' agreement will further limit growth in oil revenues in 2020
- There is real risk of disruption to Middle East supplies but that is not necessarily a good thing
- Private investment vital to recovery
- Three-year recovery window as large-scale schemes get restructured to make them more bankable
- Increased investment in social infrastructure (healthcare, education) and IT/innovation



Lower oil prices

Coronavirus

US presidential elections

US/Iran

Saudi Arabia's G20 presidency

Dubai Expo 2020



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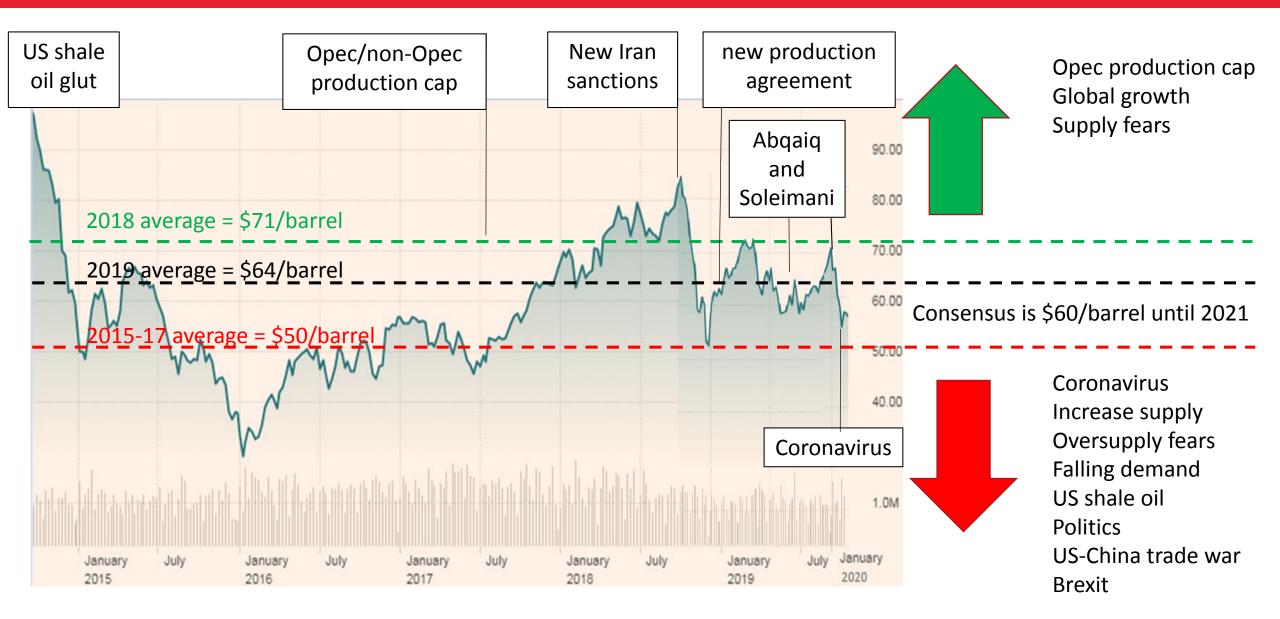








Where next for oil prices 22





The regional impact of Coronavirus

- Over 76,000 people in 27 countries infected by Covid-19. 2,200 people have died
- Iran has reported eight deaths and 43 infections. The UAE has reported 13 cases
- Sharp falls in global financial markets. Dow Jones fell 3.5% on 24 Feb
- IIF says Covid-19 could drive oil to \$57/b in 2020 down from forecasted \$60/b
- Lower oil prices will hit GCC revenues potentially leading to further spending cuts.
- Chinese demand for gasoline, diesel and jet fuel declined by 36 per cent in Q1
- IATA said it projected a 13% loss of passenger demand for carriers in the Asia-Pacific. Emirates and Qatar Airways have the most connections from GCC to Chinese cities. Chinese travellers accounted for 3.9% of DXB passenger in 2018
- China receives 4-45 per cent of the GCC's exported goods, with Oman being the most exposed (45.1 per cent) and the UAE being the least exposed (4.2 per cent)
- Impact on supply chains and construction costs could rise
- Possible impact on insurance premiums







Saudi Arabia's G20 presidency

On 1 Dec 2019, Saudi Arabia formally assumed the presidency of the G20

On 21-22 Nov 2020, King Salman hosts the 15th G20 leaders' summit in Riyadh

Opportunity to present a new Saudi Arabia to the world, and can benefit region

The world's leading politicians, business people and NGOs will meet in Riyadh to agree to promote economic stability, sustainable development, female empowerment, human capital enhancement, and an increased trade flows

Riyadh plans to host more than 100 events in the year ahead of the summit.

Increasing kingdom's international outreach is a key part of the reform agenda

The G20 objectives align closely with the vision of Saudi Arabia's modernisers

Riyadh, Abu Dhabi, Cairo and Manama to carve out new relationships

Support Saudi Arabia's soft power expansion







THANK YOU

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