

THE GLOBAL SUPPLY CHAIN CHALLENGE

Six Years of Continuous Shocks:



Mapping Disruptions



Skyrocketing Logistics Costs:

Cargo diverted around blocked chokepoints **adds up to 10 to 14 days to transit times** and roughly **\$1 million per voyage**. Project cargo is hit hard: its multipurpose vessel fleet is already too thin for demand, booked on fixed-date charters and with 19 multipurpose vessels stranded in the Persian Gulf. Contract law hasn't caught up, shipping's only dedicated canal-disruption clause, **CONWAY**, dates to 1968 and it doesn't account for scarcity-driven cost spikes or true multi-chokepoint failure.

Cascading Cross-Sector Disasters:

Regional conflicts **disrupt more than shipping lanes**: gas turbines and power-generation equipment sit on the critical path of plant construction, so combined **transit and port delays** can **push commissioning back four to eight weeks** with project cargo risking to move behind food, medicine, and fuel in the queue.

RESILIENCY-FOCUSED RESPONSE

Just-In-Time to Just-In-Case:

Pure cost-cutting is shifting to disruption-mitigation. Corporations are **building up safety stocks**, **diversifying suppliers** across multiple regions, **investing in real-time visibility** including satellite tracking and **favoring smaller vessels** spread across more carriers.

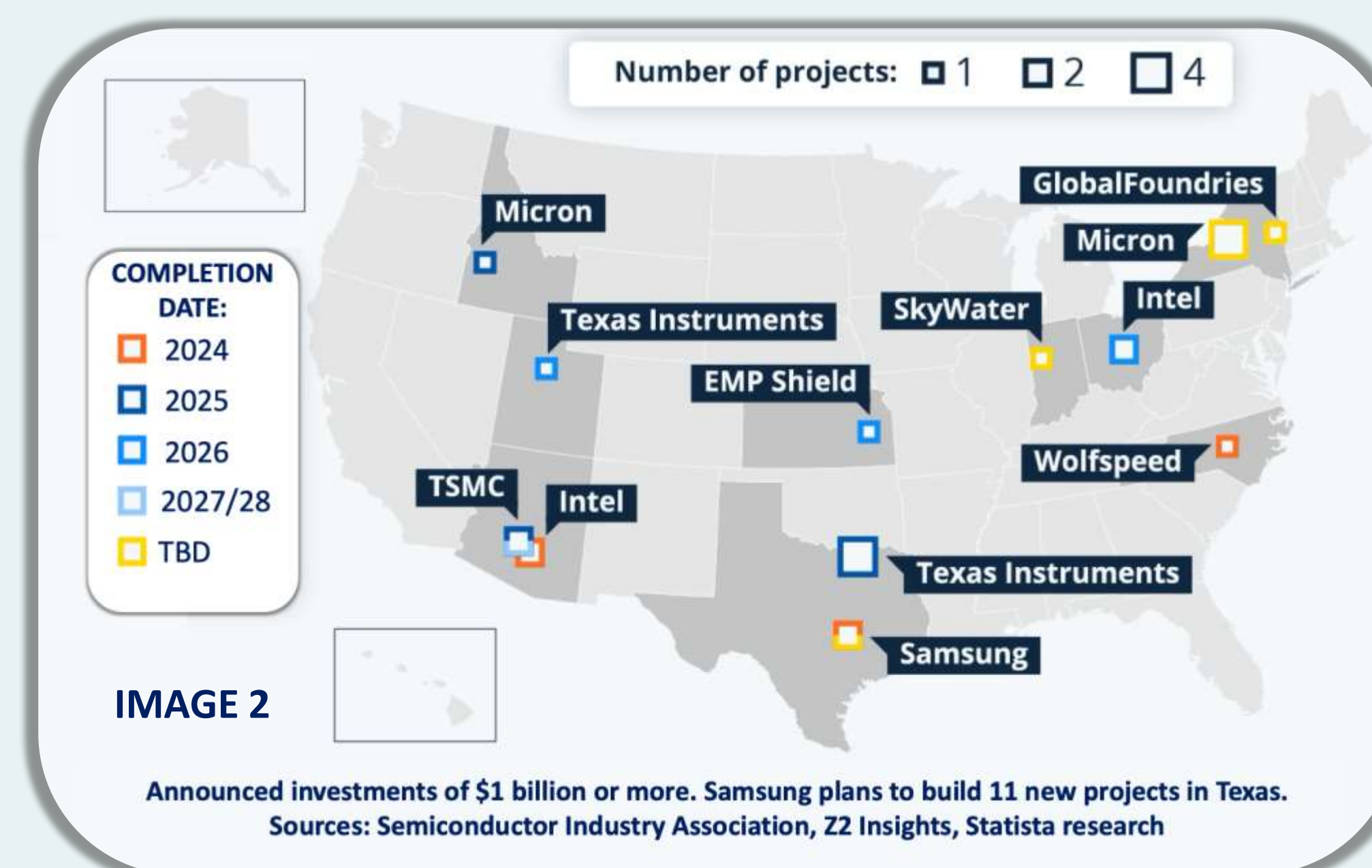
Aggressive Nearshoring and Friendshoring:

Geopolitical decoupling is accelerating. U.S.-China trade fell by 30%, with **two-thirds of that volume being replaced by friendly nations**, reinforced by **Executive Order 14420**, which now bars foreign-linked **transformers, generators, and battery systems** from the U.S. power grid due to national security concerns.

The Rise of Sovereign Reindustrialization Policies:

Governments are actively repatriating critical advanced technologies and industrial infrastructure via massive public subsidies. Key policies include the U.S. **\$52.7 billion CHIPS and Science Act** and the **Inflation Reduction Act (IRA)**.

U.S. Chip Manufacturing Facilities



DISRUPTION-DRIVEN OPPORTUNITIES

\$820B

Announced private investment in CHIPS projects

Semiconductor investment in the U.S. has been accelerated, with **160 projects across 30 states** supporting **122K jobs**. With the MPV orderbook too slim for rising demand and **deliveries dropping through 2027**, shippers who **lock in charters now** will beat the coming capacity crunch.

\$40.9B

Foreign Direct Investment Captured by Mexico

Mexico's manufacturing growth strengthens its role as a key North American industrial hub creating opportunities, with **Volvo and Kia investing \$1.6 Billion** in new and expanded production plants turning nearshoring into freight demand.

\$588B

For Ukraine's Reconstruction Estimates

Ukraine's reconstruction is backed by a proposed **\$800 billion BlackRock-led investment framework**, with capital already committed from Turkey, the EU, and U.S. Ukraine will need to replace **686 destroyed port facilities** and nearly **24,000 rail infrastructure objects**.

Gulf Coast LNG Facilities and Projects



\$20.7B

Largest financing in U.S. banking history for Venture Global's CP2 LNG export terminal project. The region is now mid-way through its **most significant wave of energy capital projects in over a decade**

U.S. LNG export capacity is set to be **30 billion cubic feet per day by the early 2030s**.

Professional Research



References



The Disruption-Driven Opportunities: The Impact of Maritime Bottlenecks on U.S. Industrial Infrastructure

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